Preliminary DATA SHEET

CFORTH-SFP28-25G-LR

10/25Gb/s SFP28 LR 10km Transceiver

CFORTH-SFP28-25G-LR Overview

CFORTH-SFP28-25G-LR optical transceivers are based on 25G Ethernet IEEE 802.3cc standard and support 10G and 25G dual rate applications. They are compliant with SFF-8402, SFF-8432 and SFF-8472, providing a fast and reliable interface for 25G Ethernet applications. The product implements digital diagnostics via a 2-wire serial bus and is compliant with the SFF-8472 standard.

Product Features

- Operating data rate support 24.3Gbps 26.5Gbps with CDR engaged mode
- Operating data rate support 9.95Gbps 10.31Gbps with CDR bypassed mode
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3cc
- Compliant with SFF-8402
- Compliant with SFF-8432
- Compliant with SFF-8472
- Internal CDR on both Transmitter and Receiver channel
- Hot-pluggable SFP28 footprint
- 1310nm DFB laser transmitter and PIN PD Receiver
- Duplex LC connector
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- Up to 10km on SMF
- Single power supply 3.3V
- RoHS Compliant
- Operating temperature range (Case Temperature)

0°C to 70°C

Applications

- 25GBASE-LR Ethernet
- 10GBASE-LR Ethernet
- CPRI and eCPRI Wireless Networks

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	Bail Color
CFORTH-SFP28-25G-LR	10/25GBASE-LR SFP28 1310nm LC Connectors 10km on SMF, Commercial Temperature	Blue

General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Data Rate1	DR1	24.3		26.5	Gb/s	1
Data Rate2	DR2	9.95		10.31	Gb/s	2
Bit Error Rate1	BER1			5×10 ⁻⁵		3
Bit Error Rate2	BER2			10-12		4
Operating Temperature	T _C	0		70	°C	5
Operating remperature	10					
Storage Temperature	T _{STO}	-40		85	°C	6
Supply Current	I _{CC}		200	400	mA	7
Input Voltage	V _{CC}	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Maximum Voltage	V _{MAX}	-0.5		4	V	7

Notes:

- 1. IEEE 802.3cc
- 2. IEEE 802.3ae
- 3. Measured with data rate at 25.78Gb/s, PRBS $2^{31}-1$ 4. Measured with data rate at 10.31Gb/s, PRBS $2^{31}-1$
- 5. Case temperature
- 6. Ambient temperature
- 7. For electrical power interface

Link Distances

Data Rate	Fiber Type	Distance Range (km)	Remarks
10.31 Gb/s or 25.78 Gb/s	9/125um SMF	10	1

Notes:

1. This module requires RS-FEC on the host ports for operation at 25G

Optical Characteristics – Transmitter

 V_{CC} =3.14V to 3.46V, T_{C}

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Output Optical Power (24.33Gb/s - 25.78Gb/s)	P _{TX1}	-7		2	dBm	1
Output Optical Power (9.95Gb/s - 10.31Gb/s)	P _{TX2}	-8.2		0.5	dBm	1
Optical Center Wavelength	λ _C	1295	1310	1325	nm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty	TDP			2.7	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Transmitter Reflectance				-12	dB	
Launch Power of OFF Transmitter	P _{OUT_OFF}			-30	dBm	1

Notes:

1. Average

Optical – Characteristics – Receiver

$V_{\rm CC}$ =3.14V to 3.46V, $T_{\rm C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Optical Center Wavelength	λ _C	1260		1390	nm	
Receive Overload	P _{OL}	2			dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA)@ 25.78Gb/s	R _{X_SEN1}			-13.3	dBm	1
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA)@ 10.31Gb/s	R _{X_SEN2}			-14	dBm	2
Receiver Reflectance	TR _{RX}			-26	dB	
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-30			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOS _D			-17	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOS _H	0.5			dB	

Notes:

- 1. Measured with data rate at 25.78Gb/s, PRBS $2^{31}-1$ 2. Measured with data rate at 10.31Gb/s, PRBS $2^{31}-1$

Electrical Characteristics – Transmitter

$V_{\rm CC}$ =3.14V to 3.46V, $T_{\rm C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Input differential impedance	R _{IN}		100		Ω	
Differential data input swing	V _{IN_PP}	200		900	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	V _D	2		V _{CC}	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	V _{EN}	V _{EE}		V _{EE} +0.8	V	

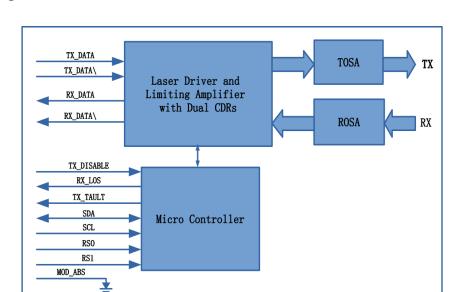
Electrical – Characteristics – Receiver

$V_{\rm CC}$ =3.14V to 3.46V, $T_{\rm C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Differential data output swing	V _{OUT_PP}	300		1000	mV	
LOS Assert	V _{LOS_A}	2		V _{CC_HOST}	V	
LOS De-Assert	V _{LOS_D}	V _{EE}		V _{EE} +0.8	V	

Digital Diagnostic Functions

CFORTH-SFP28-25G-LR supports the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in SFF-8472. Digital diagnostic information is accessible over the 2-wire interface at the address 0xA2. Digital diagnostics for the tranceiver are internally calibrated by default. A micro controller unit inside the transceiver gathers the monitoring information and reports the status of transceiver, such as Transceiver Temperature, Supply Power, TX bias current, TX output power and RX received optical power.



Block-Diagram-of-Transceiver

Functions Description

CFORTH-SFP28-25G-LR tranceiver consists of a microcontroller, integrated dualclock data recovery function (CDR) laser drive and limiting amplifier, and a Transmitter and a Receiver.

The microcontroller communicates with the host via a 2-wire serial communication interface, providing module control, status reporting and monitoring functions (DOM). This product Compliant with SFF-8472.

The laser driver amplifies the high-speed differential signal recovered from the TX CDR, and drives the laser to generate an optical signal, and maintains the stability of the transmitted optical power through an automatic optical power control feedback loop.

The limiting amplifier amplifies the electrical signal converted by the light receiving component, and outputs the fixed frequency signal to the RX CDR. At the same time, the limiting amplifier detects the amplitude of the electrical signal converted by the light receiving component, and if it is lower than the set threshold, it reports that the received signal is lost, and raise the RX_LOS pin level on the gold finger. LOS signal is only related to the amplitude of the electrical signal, not to the signal rate and whether the CDR is locked or not.

The transmitter of the tranceiver adopts a TO-CAN structure, and is composed of a DFB laser and a monitoring photodiode(MPD). The laser generates a corresponding optical signal according to a bias current and a modulation current provided by the laser driver, and the MPD will continuously monitor the TX power.

The Receiver of the tranceiver also uses a TO-CAN structure, including a PIN photodetector(PIN PD) and a trans-impedance amplifier(TIA). When ROSA detects the incident light signal, it will be converted into photo-generated current by the PIN PD. The photo-generated current is converted into an electrical signal through the TIA and input to the limiting amplifier.

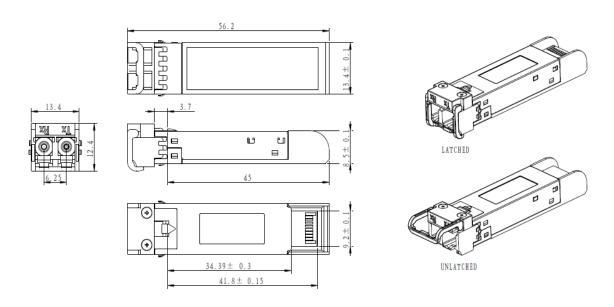
The tranceiver supports high data rates 24.33G/25.78G(CPRI options 10/25GbE) and low data rates

9.95G/10.31G(10GbE-LW/LR) CDRs at transmitter and receiver are configured according to different signal rates, as shown in the following table.

Logic OR of RS0 Pin and Bit110.3 of A2H	Logic OR of RS1 Pin and Bit118.3 of A2H	RX Data Rate	TX Data Rate	Status of RX CDR	Status of TX CDR
Low/0	Low/0	9.95G/10.31G	9.95G/10.31G	CDR Bypassed	CDR Bypassed
Low/0	High/1	9.95G/10.31G	24.3G/26.5G	CDR Bypassed	CDR Engaged
High/1	Low/0	24.3G/26.5G	9.95G/10.31G	CDR Engaged	CDR Bypassed
High/1	High/1	24.3G/26.5G	24.3G/26.5G	CDR Engaged	CDR Engaged

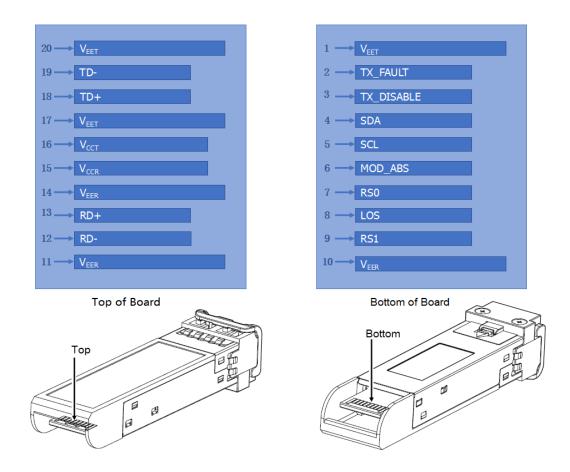
We can provide different CDR configurations for different applications, such as 25G single-rate application, full-rate CDR bypass application and so on.For more details, please contact our sales.

Dimensions

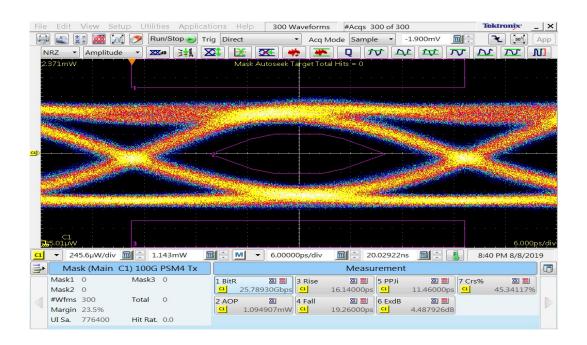


ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ± 0.2 mm UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED UNIT: mm

Electrical Pad Layout



Typical Eye Diagram



Pin Assignment

PIN#	Symbol	Description	Remarks
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1
2	TX_FAULT	Transmitter Fault	2
3	TX_DISABLE	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Receiver rate selection: Open or Low level = 9.95 - 10.31Gb/s rate (low bandwidth) High level = 24.3 - 26.5Gb/s rate (high bandwidth)	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation	5
9	RS1	Transmitter rate selection: Open or Low level = 9.95 - 10.31Gb/s rate (low bandwidth) High level = 24.3 - 26.5Gb/s rate (high bandwidth)	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver power supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter power supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1

Notes: 1. Circuit ground is isolated from chassis ground

References

- 1. Specification for SFP+ 1X 28Gbps Pluggable Transceiver Solution SFF-8402.
- 2. Specification for SFP+ Module and Cage SFF-8432.
- 3. Specification for Diagnostic Monitoring Interface for SFP+ SFF-8472.

^{2.} TX_FAULT is the open collector output and should be pulled up with 4.7k–10k ohm on host board to a voltage between 2V and $V_cc+0.3V$

^{3.} Disabled: $T_{\text{DIS}}{>}2\mathit{V}$ or open,Enabled: $T_{\text{DIS}}{<}0.8\mathit{V}$

^{4.}Should be pulled up with 4.7k $\,$ 10k ohm on host board to a voltage between 2V and V $_{cc}+0.3V$

^{5.} LOS is open collector output and should be pulled up with 4.7k $\,$ 10k ohm on host board to a voltage between $\,$ 2V and $\,$ V_cc0.3V, the logic "0" indicates normal operation, and the logic "1" indicates that the receiver signal is lost.